

**ANALISIS PENYEBAB PERBEDAAN TARIF RUMAH SAKIT
PASIEN RAWAT INAP UMUM DAN TARIF INA-CBG PASIEN
RAWAT INAP PESERTA JAMINAN KESEHATAN NASIONAL
KASUS PNEUMONIA KELAS I, II, DAN III DI RUMAH SAKIT
UMUM DAERAH WANGAYA KOTA DENPASAR**

ABSTRAK

Berdasarkan observasi awal ditemukan perbedaan tarif sebesar 60,5% tarif rumah sakit lebih rendah dari tarif INA-CBG dan sebesar 39,5% tarif rumah sakit lebih tinggi dari tarif INA-CBG. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui penyebab perbedaan *severity level* tindakan medis, dan lama hari rawat pasien pneumonia.

Rancangan penelitian ini deskriptif analitik kualitatif. Sampel penelitian ini 3 orang petugas JKN serta tarif rumah sakit dan tarif INA-CBG dari 46 pasien kelas I, 61 pasien kelas II, 98 pasien kelas III. Metode pengumpulan data dengan observasi, *checklist*, dan wawancara.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan penyebab perbedaan tarif rumah sakit dan tarif INA-CBG pasien kelas I, kelas II, dan kelas III adalah ketidaklengkapan penulisan kode diagnosa penyakit dan tindakan medis (khusus pasien kelas I dan kelas III), kesalahan penetapan kode diagnosa penyakit dan tindakan medis (khusus pasien kelas I dan kelas III), pasien menolak pemeriksaan penunjang (*rontgen thorax* dan *ct-scan thorax*), komplikasi penyakit sistem pernapasan (khusus pasien kelas I dan kelas III), komplikasi penyakit sistem endokrin (khusus kelas III), komplikasi penyakit sistem peredaran darah (khusus pasien kelas III), pasien harus menggunakan ventilator, dan pasien dipulang di sore hari, malam hari, dan hari libur.

Kesimpulan penelitian ini yaitu, perbedaan *severity level*, tindakan medis, dan lama hari rawat menyebabkan perbedaan tarif rumah sakit dan tarif INA-CBG pasien rawat inap kasus pneumonia.

Kata kunci: Perbedaan tarif rumah sakit dan tarif INA-CBG, Pasien pneumonia, Rawat Inap

**ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF DIFFERENCES IN HOSPITAL RATES
FOR GENERAL INPATIENTS AND INA-CBG RATES FOR NATIONAL
HEALTH INSURANCE PARTICIPANTS IN CLASS I, II, AND III
PNEUMONIA CASES IN WANGAYA REGIONAL GENERAL
HOSPITAL, DENPASAR CITY**

ABSTRACT

Based on preliminary observations, it was found that the hospital rate was 60,5% lower than the INA-CBG rate and 39,5% higher hospital rate than the INA-CBG rate. The purpose of this study was to find out the causes of the difference in severity level, medical treatment, and length of stay in pneumonia patients.

The research design is descriptive qualitative analysis. The samples for this study were 3 JKN officers and hospital rates and INA-CBG rate of 46 class I patients, 61 class II patients, 98 class III patients. Methods of data collection by observation, checklists, and interviews.

The results of this study show that the causes of differences in hospital rates and INA-CBG rates for class I, class II and class III patients are incomplete writing of disease diagnosis and medical treatment codes (specifically for class I and class III patients), errors in assigning disease diagnosis and action codes. medical (only for class I and class III patients), patients refuse supporting examinations (thorax X-ray and chest CT-scan), complications of respiratory system diseases (only for class I and class III patients), complications of endocrine system diseases (only for class III), complications circulatory system disease (class III patients only), the patient must use a ventilator, and the patient is discharged in the afternoon, evening, and holidays.

The conclusion of this study is that the differences in severity level, medical treatment, and length of stay lead to differences in hospital rates and INA-CBG rates for inpatients with pneumonia cases.

Keywords: Differences in hospital rates and INA-CBG rates, Pneumonia patients, Hospitalization